Let $G$ be a finite reductive group which is defined over a finite field of characteristic $p > 0$. If $p$ is a good prime for $G$ then in 1986 Kawanaka defined a family of (ordinary) representations of $G$ called Generalised Gelfand–Graev Representations (GGGRs). These representations are of particular interest, as they are conjectured to provide a more natural interpretation for some of the ingredients involved in the classification of the irreducible characters of $G$. One of the most powerful tools we have for studying GGGRs is a formula, due to Lusztig, which decomposes the character of a GGGR as an explicit linear combination of characteristic functions of character sheaves. Unfortunately, to prove this formula Lusztig requires that $p \gg 0$ is sufficiently large. Recently we showed that this formula holds under the much milder restriction that $p$ is an acceptable prime for $G$ ($p$ very good is sufficient). In this talk we will survey some consequences of this result, namely the existence of wave front sets in good characteristic.